## MEDCHI, THE MARYLAND STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Public Health Committee

Resolution 17-15

Promotion of HPV Vaccination and Prevention of HPV Related Cancers
in Residents of Maryland
virus (HPV) infection is ubiquitous in the population, asymptomatic, and is cervical, vulvar/vaginal, anal, penile and oropharyngeal cancer and genital
ent of 12,000 new cervical cancers per year in the United States is estimated 00 deaths; and
that $60-80$ % of oropharyngeal cancers are HPV positive and the scalled attention to a rising incidence of oropharyngeal cancers, four times and projected that the number of oropharyngeal cancers will exceed those of $020$ ; and
modalities for HPV cervical infection and for cancer result in long term uences; and
rently in use (2 or 4 valent) cover the two strains of HPV known to cause most oropharyngeal cancers and a new 9 valent vaccine has been found to cers; and
ot effective in treating or preventing cancers once an individual is infected;
igly requests the Secretary of the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene HPV-related cancers a major public health priority for Maryland; and be it
ests that the Secretary institute a statewide campaign to immunize all children ommended ages, addressing known barriers to that goal – costs of vaccine, t, and inadequate venues for reaching all children; and be it further
courage the endorsement of universal childhood HPV immunization by cieties, stressing the benefits of prevention of the adulthood consequences of l, penile, and oropharyngeal cancer.

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